## M.Sc. (I.T.) Sem. III

#### INFORMATION SECURITY MANAGEMENT

# **QUESTION BANK (2014 – 2015)**

## Unit 1:

- 1. Explain the process of risk management.
- 2. What are the steps for risk assessment?
- 3. What are steps to Prepare for a risk assessment?
- 4. What are the different risk assessment approaches?
- 5. What are the different risk analysis approaches?
- 6. Explain generic risk model in detail.
- 7. What are the key characteristics of OCTAVE approach?
- 8. Explain reactive approach to Risk management with proper diagram.
- 9. Explain proactive approach to risk management. What are the benefits over reactive approach?
- 10. Write a short note on OCTAVE.
- 11. What are the various domains & corresponding processes of COBIT?
- 12. Explain any 2 methods of quantitative risk assessment.
- 13. Explain with diagram OCTAVE method.
- 14. Explain with diagram OCTAVE allegro.
- 15. What are the various risk framing components & explain relationship among them?
- 16. How are the values of asset derived in quantitative risk assessment approach?
- 17. List various risk models. Explain.
- 18. Explain the following risk models i. Threats ii. Likelihood iii. Impact
- 19. With neat diagram explain the risk management hierarchy.
- 20. How risk assessment is carries out at the organization tier of risk management hierarchy.
- 21. How risk assessment is carries out at the information system of risk management hierarchy.
- 22. Explain the quantitative risk assessment.
- 23. Compare the quantitative and qualitative risk assessment approaches.
- 24. List and explain the steps in risk assessment process.

## Unit 2:

- 25. What are the various uses of IDPS technologies?
- 26. What are the various functions of IDPS technologies?
- 27. What are the common detection methodologies of IDPS?
- 28. What are the various types of IDPS technologies?
- 29. What are the typical components of IDPS System?

- 30. What are the typical components of network based IDPS System?
- 31. List and explain various security capabilities of IDPS technologies.
- 32. What are the various types of sensors used in network based IDPS System?
- 33. Explain packet filtering firewall technology.
- 34. Explain the dedicated proxy server, application proxy server firewall technology.
- 35. Explain how firewall act as network address translators.
- 36. Explain stateful inspection.
- 37. Write short note on application firewalls.
- 38. Write short note on Application-Proxy Gateways & Dedicated Proxy Servers.
- 39. Write short note on Web Application Firewalls & Firewalls for Virtual Infrastructures.
- 40. State the Limitations of Firewall Inspection.
- 41. Write short note on VPN.
- 42. Explain various network layouts with firewall implementation.
- 43. What are the various policies based on ip addresses.
- 44. What are the various policies based on protocols.
- 45. What are the various policies based on applications, user identity & Network Activity.
- 46. Explain with diagram IT security requirements.
- 47. What should be considered in the planning stages of a Web server?
- 48. What are the steps for securely installing web server?
- 49. Sate and explain any 4 Wireless Standards.
- 50. State IEEE 802.11 Network Components and explain its Architectural Models.
- 51. What are the various types of authentic methods implemented in IEEE 802.11 security?
- 52. Write short note on IEEE 802.11i security.
- 53. Write short note on the following:
- Server Backup Procedures
- Recovering From a Security Compromise
- Security Testing Servers
- 54. What is penetration testing?
- 55. Write a note on Identification & Authentication Technologies.
- 56. List and explain the important implementation issues for I&A systems.
- 57. What are various criteria used by the system to determine if a request for access will be granted?

#### Unit 3:

- 58. What are the various components of PKI?
- 59. Explain mesh and hierarchical PKI structure.
- 60. Explain bridge PKI architecture.
- 61. Explain the two basic data structures used in PKIs.
- 62. Write a note on physical architecture of PKI.
- 63. List the most commonly logged types of information and their potential benefits.
- 64. State & explain the common log management infrastructure functions.

- 65. What are the various types of network & host based security software.
- 66. What are the challenges in log management?
- 67. Explain log management infrastructure.
- 68. What are the various functions of log management infrastructure?
- 69. Write short note on Syslog Security
- 70. 13. Explain the Need for Log Management
- 71. List& Explain the classic categories of malware.
- 72. List& Explain the popular attacker tools.
- 73. What are the recommended capabilities of an antivirus software?
- 74. Write a note on sandboxing.
- 75. Explain malware incident response life cycle in detail.
- 76. List and explain the major component of containment of malware.
- 77. Explain the three main categories of patch and vulnerability metrics.
- 78. What is The Patch and Vulnerability Group & what are their duties?
- 79. What are the primary methods of remediation that can be applied to an affected system?
- 80. Who are involved in log management planning? Explain their responsibilities.
- 81. What are the steps included in developing logging policies?
- 82. List and explain the components of key management infrastructure.
- 83. Write a short note on key management policy.
- 84. What are the security objectives of key management policy?
- 85. Explain the sample KMP format.
- 86. Write a short note on Kerberos.
- 87. List & explain the KMI components in detail.
- 88. Write a short note on Key Management Policy.
- 89. Explain any six server security principles.
- 90. How the server security is planned?
- 91. How the server security is maintained?
- 92. List various PKI data structures. Explain in short.
- 93. What is the need for log management?
- 94. What are the challenges in log management?
- 95. Explain the tiers used in a log management infrastructure.
- 96. Define roles and responsibilities of the persons involved in log management.
- 97. List and explain various forms of malware.
- 98. List and explain the popular types of attacker tools.

## Unit 4:

- 99. State the benefits & objectives of information security audit.
- 100. List the principles of Auditing.
- 101. List and explain the phases of a disaster recovery plan.
- 102. State and explain any 4 interdependencies of audit trails.
- 103. Write a note on cost considerations in audit trails.
- 104. What are the various types of audit trails?

- 105. Explain Audit Trails. What are the two types of audit records explain in detail?
- 106. List the steps to perform information security audit.
- 107. What are the implementations issues regarding Audit Trail?
- 108. Write a note on interdependences in Audit Trial.
- 109. Explain the concept of Business Continuity Planning with its different phases.
- 110. Explain the concept of Business Continuity Planning and Recovery Plan in industry.
- 111. Explain the various backup & recovery techniques for applications.
- 112. Write a short note on logical security audit.
- 113. Explain the system-level, application level and user audit trails.

## Unit 5:

- 114. What is forensic science? What is the need of it?
- 115. Who are the primary users of forensic tools and techniques? Also state the various factors to be considered when selecting an external or internal party?
- 116. What are the different groups in which primary users of forensic tools and techniques within an organization usually can be divided into?
- 117. What are the key recommendations of establishing and organizing a forensic capability?
- 118. Write a note on forensic process.
- 119. Write a note on forensic toolkit.
- 120. Write a note on Examining data files.
- 121. Explain the two different techniques used for copying files from media.
- 122. What is NESSUS? Why is it considered as the most popular vulnerability scanner?
- 123. What types of vulnerabilities are scanned by NESSUS?
- 124. What are the control objectives of ISO 17799 standard?
- 125. What is the functionality of NMAP tool?
- 126. State the features of NMAP.
- 127. What are the basic phases of forensic process? Give a brief overview of it.
- 128. Write a short note on File Systems.
- 129. How is the collection of files done in forensic science?
- 130. What is the need for forensics?
- 131. What are the key recommendations on establishing and organizing a forensic capability?
- 132. List various phases in forensics process. Explain in short.
- 133. Explain the two techniques used to copy files from media.